A Framework for Pretrial Justice

Essential elements of an effective pretrial justice system and pretrial services agency

The Framework







BAIL

DEFINITION: Requirements to reasonably assure appearance in court and public safety

TENETS:

- There is no "right to bail" in most states or the Federal system
- Pertains only to appearance and safety concerns
- Individualized
- Least restrictive conditions
- Due process forbids detention without due cause

"The 3 M's"



Legal Foundation

- 1. A presumption of release on the least restrictive conditions
- 2. Prohibition or restrictions on the use of secured financial conditions
- 3. Provisions for detention without bail for a clearly defined and limited population

All three of these components are interrelated and must exist within a legal framework to achieve maximized rates of release, appearance, and public safety.



Legal Foundation

 Appearance: "Bail set at a figure higher than an amount reasonably calculated to [ensure court appearance] is 'excessive' under the Eighth Amendment." Stack v. Boyle 342 U.S. 1 (1951).



Legal Foundation

 Safety: Detention may be authorized when defendants are found "after an adversary hearing to pose a threat to the safety of individuals or to the community which no condition of release can dispel." United States v. Salerno, 481 U.S. 739, 755 (1987).



Legal Foundation

 Release: "In our society, liberty is the norm, and detention prior to trial or without trial is the carefully limited exception." United States v. Salerno, 481 U.S. 739, 755 (1987).



Elements of a high functioning pretrial system

Pretrial release and detention decisions based on risk and designed to maximize release, court appearance, and public safety

Legal framework that includes a presumption of least restrictive nonfinancial release; restrictions or prohibition against the use of secured financial conditions; and preventative detention that is limited and clearly defined

Elements of a high functioning pretrial system

Release options following or in lieu of arrest

No locally-imposed exclusions not permitted by statute

Experienced prosecutors screen cases before the initial appearance

Elements of a high functioning pretrial system

Active defense at first appearance

Collaborative group of stakeholders that employs evidence-based decision making

Dedicated pretrial services agency

Elements of an effective pretrial agency

Operationalized Mission

Universal Screening

Validated Pretrial Assessment

Sequential Bail Review

Risk-based Supervision

Performance Measurement

In the interest of time.....



MEANINGFUL FIRST APPEARANCE IMPORTANCE OF A DEDICATED PRETRIAL SERVICES AGENCY

Meaningful first appearance

Criminal Case Screening

Active Defense Counsel

Criminal Case Screening Trained and experienced prosecutors should screen arrest filings prior to the initial appearance

- Reduces needless pretrial detention
- Aids prosecution in determining the most appropriate pretrial release recommendations
- Case triaging
- Early identification for diversion or other alternatives

Active Defense Counsel Defense counsel engaged and prepared before the initial appearance

- Initial bail hearing is a critical stage in the criminal case (Rothgery v Gillespie County, 554 U.S. 191 (2008)
- ABA's "Ten Principles of a Public Defense Delivery System" recommends clients are screened and counsel assigned as soon as feasible

Pretrial Services Agencies

- Help courts make informed bail decisions
- Promote maximized release, appearance, public safety, and successful outcomes
- Ensure that release options are realistic and measurable



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ASSESS

Gather data Apply the tool Calculate result



ADJUST

Consider mitigating and aggravating circumstances

Adjust supervision response as needed



RECOMMEND

Recommend supervision level and conditions consistent to risk level and other factors



Pretrial Services Agencies

Independent entity

Clearly-defined function

Dedicated staff





