

# Pretrial Services: Serving People with Behavioral Health Needs in the Justice System

Paul Texas Boston, LCSW, Technical Assistance Coordinator,
Office of Forensic Coordination,
Texas Health and Human Services

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- Office of Forensic Coordination (OFC) Overview and Introduction to the Sequential Intercept Model (SIM)
- Statement of the Issue
- Pretrial as Part of the Solution
- Defining Mental Health and Mental Illness
- How Diagnosis Happens and How I Can Help
- Best Practices for Working with Local Mental Health and Local Behavioral Health Partners
- State and National Resources

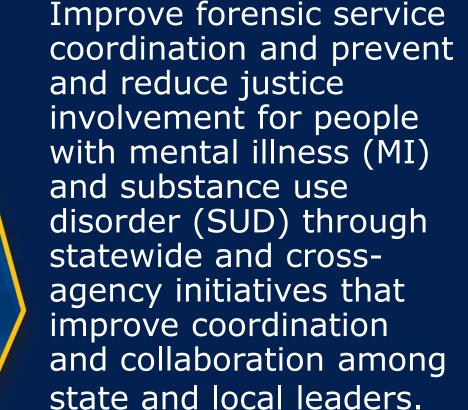




- Participants will better understand how pretrial services effect other parts of the criminal justice process.
- Participants will feel more comfortable noting suspected symptoms of mental illness.
- Participants will better understand the role collaboration plays in justice-system improvement.



#### Office of Forensic Coordination







Policy and Staffing for the Joint Committee on Access to Forensic Services



Training and Technical Assistance



Research and Data Analysis



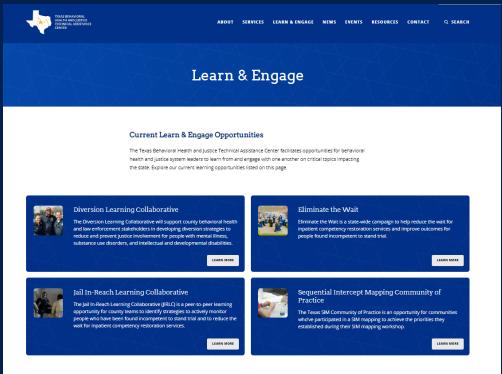
Engagement, Education, and Coordination



### Texas Behavioral Health and Justice Technical Assistance Center





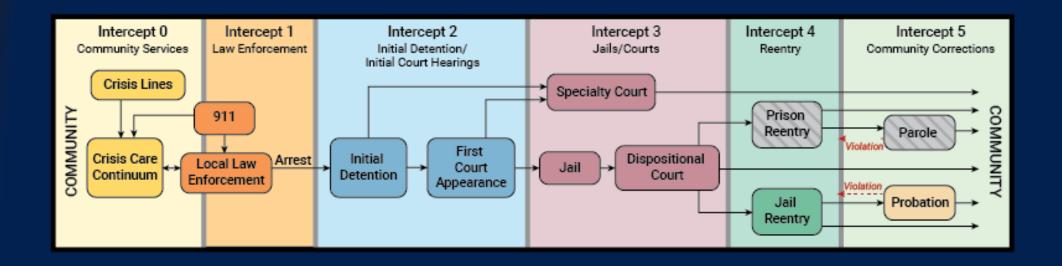


www.TXBHJustice.org

### TEXAS Health and Human Services

#### The Sequential Intercept Model

The SIM details how people with MI, SUD, and intellectual and developmental disabilities (IDD) come into contact with and move through the criminal justice system.





### SIM Mapping Workshops



### SIM Mapping Workshops by the Numbers

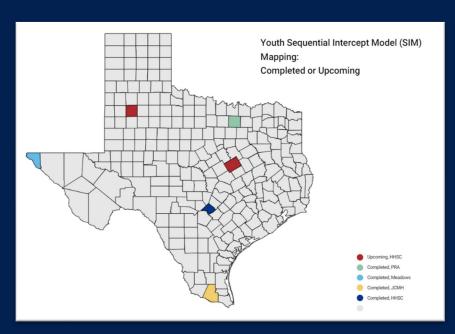
19 SIM Mapping Workshops completed

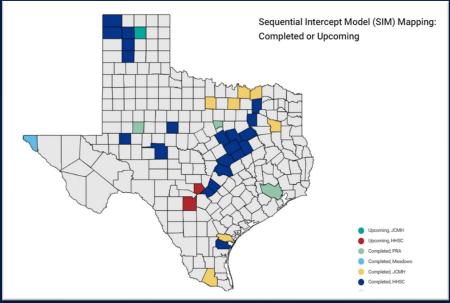
16 Behavioral health leadership teams created

22 New programs and initiatives

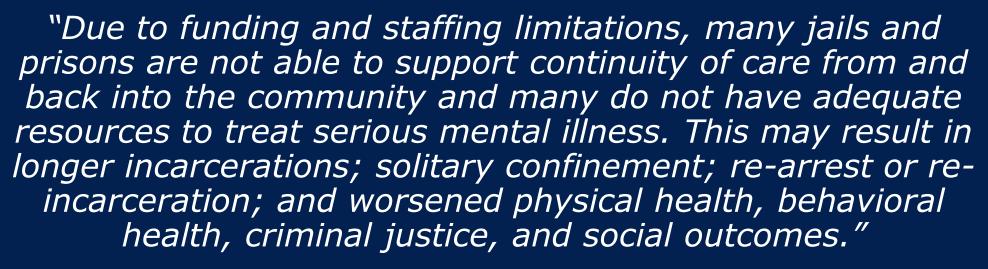
28 Counties engaged







#### **Increased Incarceration**



-Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services



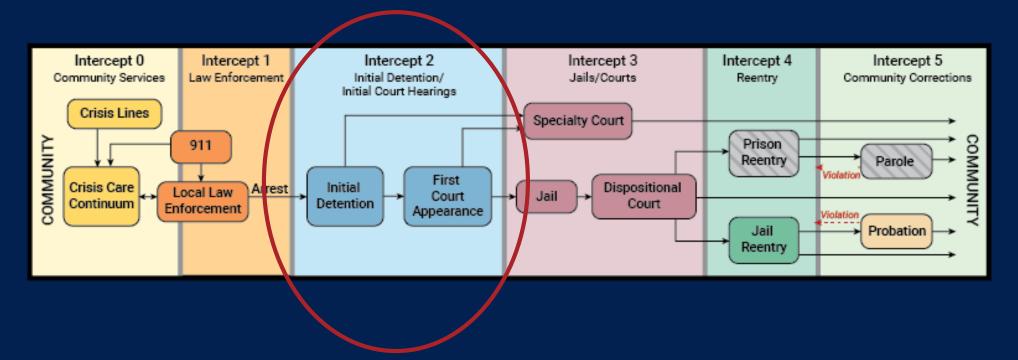
### Mental Illness and Substance Use in Jails



5	Percent of the <b>Texas population</b> has a serious mental illness (SMI).
39	Percent of <b>people booked into Texas county jails</b> who have been in contact with the public mental health system in the last three years.
72	Percent of people with SMI in jail who have a <b>co-occurring substance use disorder</b> (national estimates).
92	<b>Prevalence of trauma</b> (experience of assault or sexual abuse) among people with Serious Mental Illness in Jail (national estimates).

#### Pretrial as a Part of the Solution





Pretrial services serve people before and after magistration. Pretrial services help people access care out of jail and can contribute to reducing jail overcrowding while keeping the community safe and vulnerable people safe from harm.

# Judicial Commission On Mental Health's (JCMH) Pretrial Core Principles (1 of 2)



- Practices should be fair and evidence-based.
- The practices should address two key goals:
  - protecting against the risk that the individual will fail to appear for court; and
  - protecting against risks to the safety to the community or to specific persons.
- Unnecessary pretrial detention should be minimized.



### JCMH Pretrial Core Principles (2 of 2)



- To make sound decisions about release and detention, judicial officers need to have
  - reliable information about potential risk posed by release of the individual
  - ▶ confidence that resources are available in the community to address or minimize the risk of nonappearance or danger to the community if the decision is made to release the individual.



### What is Mental Health and Mental Illness?



Mental *Health*...involves effective functioning in daily activities resulting in:

- Productive activities (such as in work, school or caregiving).
- Healthy relationships.
- Ability to adapt to change and cope with adversity.

Mental *Illness*...refers collectively to all diagnosable mental disorders — health conditions involving:

- Significant changes in thinking, emotion and/or behavior.
- Distress and/or problems functioning in social, work or family activities





Symptoms: Changes in feelings, behaviors, thoughts and sensations that might be uncomfortable, alarming or lead to worse outcomes

Diagnosis: the process of giving a name to a pattern or constellation of symptoms, based off an objective criteria



#### Where are the Definitions Found?

- The American Psychiatric
   Association regularly
   publishes updated criteria in
   the Diagnostic and Statistical
   Manual.
- The American Psychiatric
   Association holds work groups
   to modify and change the
   standards. The criteria change
   over time.

DIAGNOSTIC AND STATISTICAL MANUAL OF MENTAL DISORDERS FIFTH EDITION TEXT REVISION DSM-5-TR™ AMERICAN PSYCHIATRIC ASSOCIATION

### Illnesses have Characteristic Symptoms that may Overlap



- Psychosis is when an individual loses tether to reality this can mean believing things that are not real (delusions) or hearing, seeing or feeling things that are not real (hallucinations).
- Mania is a mental state characterized by euphoria, enthusiasm, high activity and/or recklessness. It is called hypomania in less severe forms. It may also present as agitation.
- Many people experience negative symptoms meaning that symptoms relate to what the individual is unable to do



#### What Does this Mean for Me?

- In the context of mental health, behaviors, words and the individual's experience of sensation give us a clue to what's going on.
- We don't have to be psychologists or social workers to notice something.
- Our experiences feeling frustrated with certain people may be a clue that the individual is living with mental illness.
- Supporting people as they seek relief through pharmacology may involve acknowledging the individual's struggles with what can be a long and uncomfortable process.



#### What Does this Mean for Me?

Only qualified people may perform certain mental health assessments and make diagnosis

#### BUT

Anyone can take note behavior they witness or other potential symptoms of mental illness

The more information we can appropriately collect and share, the better evaluation and services can become

### Talking about suspected mental health symptoms



"refusing to answer my questions"



"The person appears unable to speak"

"argumentative and hostile"



"The person appears agitated and unable to understand their surroundings"

"was yelling gibberish at me"



"When asked if they were hungry, the person responded 'ain't no ding dong dang dishes to wash"



**Talking** about suspected mental health symptoms

#### PERSON-FIRST LANGUAGE

Instead of this	Try this.
Mentally ill	Person living with a mental health challenge or use the diagnosis if the person prefers that language (e.g., major depressive disorder)
<ul> <li>Crazy/insane/disturbed</li> </ul>	Person living with a mental health challenge/trauma
<ul> <li>Depressed/schizophrenic</li> </ul>	Person living with depression/schizophrenia
Manic-depressive	Person living with bipolar disorder
Addict/junkie/druggie	Person living with a substance use challenge or disorder
• Alcoholic	Person living with an alcohol use challenge or disorder
• Ex-addict/clean	Person in recovery



### LANGUAGE THAT FEEDS STEREOTYPES

Instead of this	Try this.
Mental illness	Mental health challenge or crisis
Drug/alcohol abuse	Substance use challenge
Committed suicide	✓ Died by suicide or lost to suicide
Failed suicide	✓ Attempted suicide

### Interacting with People in a Mental Health Crisis (1 of 3)



- Experiencing mental health symptoms is STRESSFUL and PAINFUL for many people.
  - What if someone was out to get you?
  - Your family?
  - What if you nobody believed you?
  - What if you felt out of control of your behaviors?
- Keep in mind that many delusions involve serious issues, and that the person believes them deeply.
- We can always validate feelings and express empathy even if we cannot validate content of what the person is saying.

### Interacting with People in a Mental Health Crisis (2 of 3)



There is a relationship between stress (emotion) and cognition (ability to think) and memory (ability to recall information).

The conditions of a jail, lock-up, processing center or police car may exacerbate the presentation of mental health symptoms.

Keep your voice calm

Minimize touch

Avoid overreacting

Express concern

No judgement

Offer options

Minimize stimulation

Don't argue facts

Be patient

Avoid intense eye contact

### Interacting with People in a Mental Health Crisis (3 of 3)



Does your agency have a protocol for ensuring individual and staff safety?

What is the protocol if an individual is in crisis:

- In their home (during a phone or in-person check in)
- In the office
- In the jail (either incarcerated or in processing)
- In court holdover

Consider ways your LMHA/LBHA partner can help you learn more about your local crisis system.



#### What is an LMHA or LBHA?



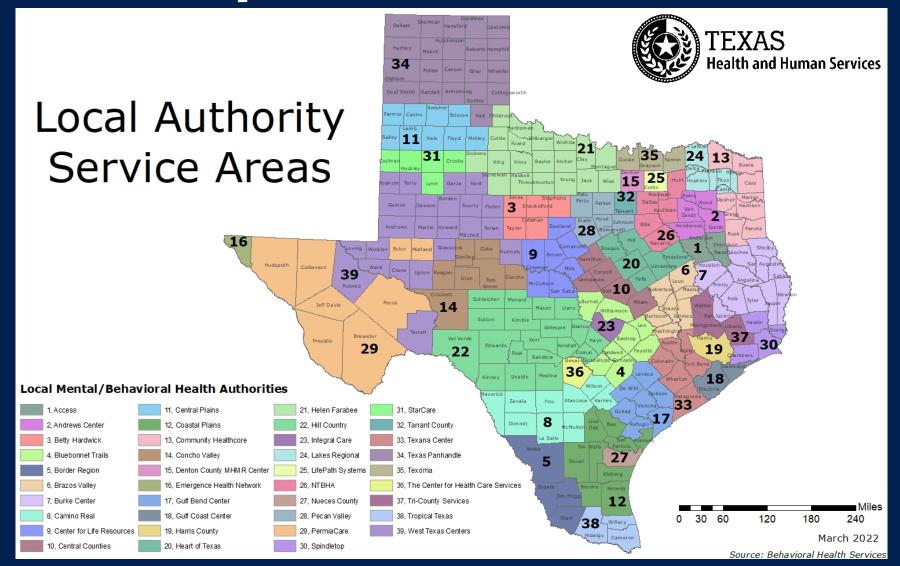
LMHAs and LBHAs serve as the point of entry for publicly funded, privately funded, or unfunded mental health services for people who are assessed with mental illness in Texas.

#### **Points of Access**



### TEXAS Health and Human Services

### Find your LMHA and LBHA





#### Working with LMHA or LBHA Partners

- Good communication is necessary at every level, from individual community supervision officers and LMHA or LBHA case managers up to department heads and supervisors
- Working together to create specialized teams that collaborate is an essential facet of ensuring people comply with conditions of release.

### Strategies to Support Information Sharing and Collaboration



- □The court, pretrial services and the LMHA or LBHA can work collaboratively to ensure the individual accesses the recommended treatment services and provide updates to the court about compliance.
- □The judge can order the individual to sign a release form that allows the LMHA or LBHA to share relevant information with pretrial to support monitoring.
- □LMHA and pretrial leaders can work together to establish an update format for the court that is in compliance with Texas regulations around privacy and data sharing.
- □Work with local stakeholders to ensure CCP 16.22 reports are completed and shared with appropriate parties.



### Texas Behavioral Health and Technical Assistance Center





Strategic Planning Workshops



Learning Collaboratives



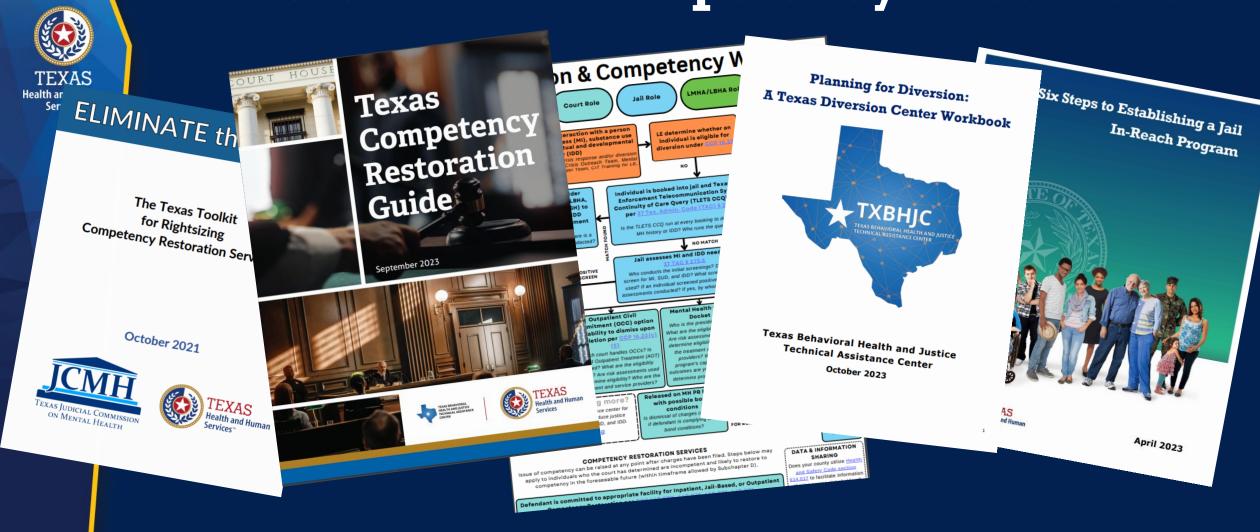
Tailored County and Regional Trainings



State Campaigns and Stakeholder Networks



### **Diversion and Competency Resources**



### Other State Resources









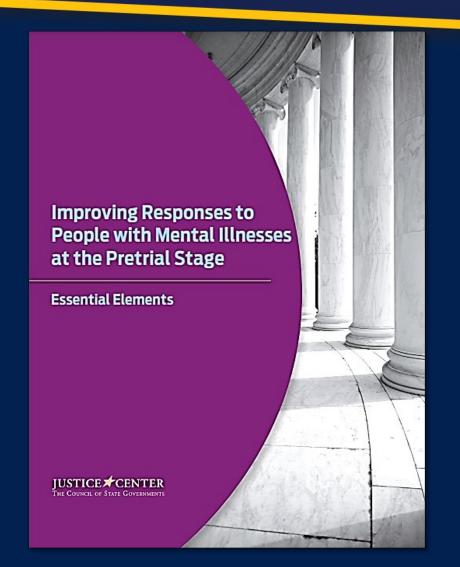






## Council of State Governments Justice Center





- Collaboration
- Training
- Release and Diversion Options
- Informed Decision Making
- Quick Connection to Appropriate
   Behavioral Health and Support
   Services
- Community Supervision
- Performance Measurement and Evaluation

### Department of Justice Resources



#### **Pretrial Public Safety Risk Assessment Clearinghouse**

https://bja.ojp.gov/program/psrac/implementation/structured-decision-making/pretrial

#### **Pretrial Services Programs: Responsibilities and Potential**

<a href="https://nij.ojp.gov/library/publications/pretrial-services-programs-responsibilities-and-potential">https://nij.ojp.gov/library/publications/pretrial-services-programs-responsibilities-and-potential</a>

### **Examining Alternatives to Incarceration for Veteran's and other Policy Innovation**

https://nij.ojp.gov/topics/articles/nijs-courts-research-examining-alternatives-incarceration-veterans-and-other-policy

#### **Essentials of Mental Health Courts**

https://bja.ojp.gov/sites/g/files/xyckuh186/files/Publications/MHC\_Essential\_E lements.pdf

### National Institute of Corrections Resources



**Essential Elements of an Effective Pretrial System and Agency** 

https://nicic.gov/resources/nic-library/all-library-items/framework-pretrial-justice-essential-elements-effective

A Framework for Evidence-Based Decision Making in State and Local Criminal Justice Systems

https://info.nicic.gov/nicrp/node/474

**Applying Evidence-Based Practices in Pretrial Services** 

https://info.nicic.gov/nicrp/node/259

Measuring What Matters: Outcome and Performance Measures for the Pretrial Services Field

https://info.nicic.gov/nicrp/node/253

When appropriate, NIC may also cover the costs of practitioners' visits to another agency to observe effective practices.



### Thank you!

www.TXBHJustice.org forensicdirector@hhs.Texas.gov